

LEAGUE RAKED AS GUARDIAN OF GAIN

Principal Mission to Watch
Territorial Acquisitions,
Says Johnson.

MONROE PACT MENACED

Referendum Vote by World's
Peoples on War Called Need
of Covenant.

PORTLAND, Me., July 9.—Striking directly at the principal proposal of the League of Nations, Senator Hiram W. Johnson said to-night with all possible emphasis that the proposed league will never prevent war. Its principal mission, he believed, was to safeguard territorial acquisitions and he did not believe that American mothers and fathers wanted their sons sent overseas to help European, Asiatic or African nations hold the territory they have conquered.

The Senator from California spoke here to-night before a large audience called together by the local chapter of the League for the preservation of American Independence. The applause he received had an impressive ring of deep feeling.

"The proposed League of Nations will sanctify power in a new, a terrible and a sinister sense," the Senator began. "It is not a league of peoples, nor does it anywhere concern itself with people whose past wrongs and future rights were so eloquently portrayed by the President. It is written, around one central idea, that the great democracy of the United States shall guarantee, maintain and preserve the British Empire's boundaries, with its settling millions of discontented peoples; the increased territories of France; the vastly extended boundaries of Italy, throbbing with revolution, and the rape of China by Japan."

The Senator said if the promoters of the league had honestly intended self-determination of peoples, if they had really been interested in preventing war rather than safeguarding territorial gains, they would have instituted through a League of Nations a referendum vote of the people on all declarations of war in every nation on earth. Under the League of Nations, he said, the people would not govern anywhere, but the league would be a few autocrats sitting in secret.

Senator Johnson characterized Article X as "the most outrageous thing ever attempted upon America," a thing patterned upon the infamous doctrine of intervention devised for the Holy Alliance in 1815 by Metetrilich.

The Senator denounced the amendment alleged to be designed to safeguard the Monroe Doctrine as a fraud.

ANGERED OVER GUNSON TRIAL

Aid to Swann Charges Perjury in
Attempt to Aid Detective.

Samuel Markewich, an Assistant District Attorney, expressed indignation over the conduct of the trial of Detective John J. Gunson on charges that grew out of the illegal conviction of Sally Kohn and Lillian Cohen in the Women's Night Court in March, wrote to Mayor Hylan, yesterday, protesting that the police were trying to whitewash the officer.

He said he was objecting as a private citizen and not in an official capacity, although he was certain that perjury had been committed in Gunson's behalf at the trial. He said he had asked District Attorney Swann to refer the matter to the grand jury, and suggested that the Mayor's public duty was to make a personal investigation of Gunson's record.

URGES NEW TARIFF LTD.

Chemical Society Wants It Put on
Instruments to Colleges.

The American Chemical Society is seeking to obtain the repeal of the tariff provisions which permit schools and colleges to import free of duty chemical instruments, glassware and porcelain, stating that unless this step is taken it will be possible for Germany to re-enter this trade and compete successfully against American made goods. Educational authorities are cooperating in the movement.

COP FACES TRIAL AS CLUBBER

Accused of Beating Pedler While
Serving Summons.

Policeman Sidney J. Walsh of the Oak street station, accused of beating Eli Kleinman, a pedler, Saturday, will be tried for combat unbecoming an officer by Inspector Boettler this morning at 11 o'clock in the police station at the corner of Clifton and Delancey streets.

Kleinman, who was killed and wounded in the fighting Monday at Hanover when a mob released the prisoners in the castle and the detention prisoners. Martial law has been proclaimed there.

LEWIS DECLINES DECORATION.

Former Illinois Senator Refuses
Belgian War Honor.

CHICAGO, July 9.—James Hamilton Lewis, former United States Senator from Illinois, who recently received word that he had been decorated by Belgium for services, announced today that he had written the King of the Belgians declining the honor.

"The law passed by Congress allowing decorations for military service on battlefields cannot apply to me, as my service to Belgium, though done at the front and on the battlefields, was not of the character entitling me to decoration," said Mr. Lewis.

State Indian Commission Named.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

ALBANY, July 9.—In the organization of the State commission to confer with the Federal commission in charge of Indian affairs for the purpose of obtaining legislation which will give the State jurisdiction in the management of Indian affairs in New York Assemblyman Edward Everett of St. Lawrence was elected president, Senator Lorin M. Black of Brooklyn vice-president and Dr. C. W. Parker of the State Education Department secretary. The commission will go to Washington in September.

NEW LEGION CHARTER ISSUED.

Major Compton Makes Presentation
to Canoeer Post.

Major George Brokaw Compton presented a charter to the Canoeer Post of the American Legion yesterday at a luncheon in the Midway Club. The members of the post are principally young men who joined a battalion of self-artillery during 1915, 1916 and 1917 organized by Joseph L. Seligman and L. Horatio Bigelow, Jr. The battalion, however, did not serve in the war as a body, but the men enlisted or obtained individual commissions.

The officers of the new post are: Col. Francis L. Robbins, Jr., president; Major E. F. Bateson, Capt. L. H. Bigelow, Jr., and Lieut. Lewis Stuyvesant Morris, vice-presidents; Capt. David Dows, treasurer; Joseph L. Seligman, secretary; Major Alfred Loomis, Lieut. Col. James W. Riley and Capt. Joseph W. Morris as executive committee, with George Roberts as delegate to the county convention.

ROAD HOG FINED ON WHALEN'S COMPLAINT

City Official Testifies Against
Man Who Blocked Street.

City officials were the complainants in two cases before the Traffic Court yesterday. While Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of the Department of Parks and Structures, and Edward Plunkett, assistant supervisor of the City Record, were on their way home in a Police Department car late Monday night Benjamin T. Ward, a buyer, 47 West Thirty-fourth street, refused to allow them to pass him and, according to the testimony of Patrolman Neun, kept his car in the center of Fifth avenue for more than two blocks in spite of repeated sounding of the official car's horn. Ward was fined the maximum of \$10.

Police Inspector John F. Dwyer and two patrolmen were the complainants against Charles E. Taylor, 301 Jefferson avenue, Brooklyn, charged with reckless driving. The official automobile and that of Mr. Taylor were in collision at Lafayette and Canal streets. An adjournment until July 13 was granted.

Mrs. Mary Givon of 31 Sterling street, Brooklyn, was arraigned before Magistrate McCloskey in the Flatbush court yesterday on four charges of traffic violation. She was driving the wrong side of the street, failing to stop on the signal of a policeman, driving without a license and driving without headlights. She pleaded guilty to all charges and was fined \$1 on the first three and received a suspended sentence on the fourth complaint. She was arrested on Ocean Parkway early yesterday morning.

CAPTURES ROBBER SUSPECTS.

Court Commends Policeman for
Speedy Arrest of Them.

Patrolman Cuthbert Behan of the East Twenty-second street station, was complimented by Magistrate Tobias in Yorkville Court for capturing three men after a chase early yesterday morning in East Twenty-first street. In a hallway at 59 East Twenty-first street to which his attention was attracted by groans, the patrolman found David M. Keich, 35, badly cut from blows on the head. Keich told him the men had struck him down just as he entered the building to go to his apartment, and had taken a ring worth \$500 and \$75 in cash.

The patrolman chased the men west of Broadway and finally caught them. They said they were Harry Gleason, a sailor, living at the Y. M. C. A.; Louis Viris, 53 East Ninth street, and Clay Hendricks, a discharged soldier of Rowell, Okla. Bail was fixed at \$10,000 each.

Several Killed in Hanover Riot.

BERLIN (via London), July 9.—Several persons were killed and wounded in the rioting Monday at Hanover when a mob released the prisoners in the castle and the detention prisoners. Martial law has been proclaimed there.

CANADIAN CABINET SHAKEUP COMING

White Pressing Resignation
From Finance Portfolio,
New the Most Crucial.

UNIONIST PARTY TO STAY

Foster and Doherty Likely to
Retire—Heavy Spending
Still Inevitable.

By a Staff Correspondent of THE SUN.

OTTAWA, July 9.—Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance in the Government of Sir Robert Borden, is pressing his resignation on the head of the Cabinet, and while neither the Premier nor the Minister of Finance will give definite confirmation, it is believed the change is imminent. Reorganization of the Cabinet to give Quebec better representation and for other reasons of political strategy was promised Parliament by Sir Robert Borden in the National Liberal Convention which met here August 5 to 7; in the meantime the Prime Minister will not put his cards on the table.

It is agreed that the Unionist party is to be a permanent factor in politics. Men like N. W. Rowell, J. A. Calder, A. L. Sifton, A. K. Maclean, all Liberals, will be retained. They are all vigorous, strong factors in the Government. The retirement of Sir Thomas White, Sir George Foster and C. J. Doherty, all Conservatives, is probable. Sir George Foster is no longer young. He will retire with honor and will always be regarded as a reserve counsel. Mr. Doherty, a member of the Peace Conference delegation was creditably performed by these veterans.

Discretion in Retirement.

Sir Thomas White is at the zenith of his career as Minister of Finance. To remain in office would be to invite inheritance of responsibility from which he may escape on the assumption that discretion is the better part of valor. He knows from experience with the Canadian Bankers Association that it is much easier to manoeuvre dubious members of Parliament than to manage general finance. When it comes about that respect advice of those bankers rises up in judgment, the self-willed but not far-sighted Sir Thomas decides it is best to retire.

The bankers, brokers, insurance and loan company leaders advised against exemption of Canadian Government war bonds from taxation. They urged that that policy would put investors at a great disadvantage and that it was safe to rely on the patriotic war spirit; that the public with savings and profits would prefer Government securities and that other enterprises would suffer. It was not sound public finance, he was advised, to exempt so large a portion of taxable securities.

In one respect the bankers were in error; they underestimated the financial strength of Canada's savings, which are greater than ever before, having amounted to \$1,604,449,034 last March 31. Sales of securities on the Montreal and Toronto exchanges have been large for some time, just as in New York.

Government bonds are steadily moving into the hands of fewer holders and becoming the property of those whose income is hardest hit by the income tax. In its high demands on the larger incomes. Many war bonds were bought up by people who were able to finance the temporary aid to their country, but who never were counted in the class of savers. They are now disposing of their bonds. Every week from half a million to a million dollars in bonds goes through the Toronto and Montreal exchanges; in addition many transactions proceed in other circles. The long term bonds, which are least desirable to the small spender, are most attractive to the income tax evader. These

securities, payable in 1927, are at the highest premium. In consequence it is estimated that of the \$1,510,000,000 of Canadian war bonds held in Canada the greater proportion will become the property of wealthy people and the means by which they will escape the surtax on income.

The problems which the new Minister of Finance will have to face are serious. The session just closed voted large sums of money to be spent on projects over a period of years. The estimated revenue for the current year is \$230,000,000. The estimated actual outlay will be \$276,000,000. In excess of that amount about \$260,000,000 will be for war service gratuity and demobilization, from which it is clear that ordinary expenditures will exceed revenue by \$26,000,000. Some of that is on capital account, about \$65,000,000 for railway betterment and payment of securities, and approximately \$20,000,000 for soldiers' reestablishment in civil life by way of pensions, settlement, vocational training and medical care. This is a permanent financial obligation for years to come and is in addition to the national debt. The Federal public revenue of Canada in 1914 was \$153,174,556. The expenditure was \$137,284,473. With the debt multiplied seven times, and at a higher rate of interest, it will be possible for a sound economist as Minister of Finance to get through a year on three hundred millions, but with the pressure for public improvements and the running away with an estimated \$28,000,000 it looks as if a much larger sum may be spent. The exploits of public finance during the war have whetted the public appetite for large demands and costly projects. Economy will not be popular with the spending class of voters.

West Keen for Lower Tariff.

The people of western Canada are keen in demanding a lower tariff. Customs revenue has in recent years provided nearly half the entire receipts, last year \$147,000,000 out of a total revenue of \$310,000,000. Tariff reductions made in the session of Parliament just closed will mean a loss of \$17,000,000 revenue on clothing, foodstuffs and farm implements alone. With falling imports the revenue will be still further reduced.

Some reductions will have to be made in order to satisfy public opinion and meet competition of the United States as to the cost of living, but it will not be possible to increase the income tax much higher.

The Minister of Finance did not bring the income tax or excess profits taxes into operation until the third year of war and in consequence missed some opportunities to pay war costs out of war profits.

ALLIES MAY BAR KUN SALE.

Note Prepared to Thwart Disposal
of Securities.

PARIS, July 9.—The Council of Five having been advised that Bela Kun, the head of the Hungarian Communist Government, proposes to sell a large amount of securities he holds, has under consideration a note to him disapproving his plan. If it sends a note to Bela Kun the Council also probably will send a note to all nations advising their nationals not to purchase the securities offered by the Hungarians.

The Council, it is said, feels it is to the best interest of the Allies and Hungarians that the securities be kept within Hungary.

Y. M. C. A. STAFF TO RETURN.

Formal Farewell Given Americans
by English Speaking Union.

LONDON, July 9.—A formal farewell was given the headquarters staff of the Y. M. C. A. at a luncheon by the English Speaking Union. Many prominent Americans, including members of the American colony, attended the affair for the Y. M. C. A. men who are leaving soon for the United States.

Herbert A. L. Fisher, Member of Parliament, who presided, proposed the health of R. L. Ewing and W. H. Langdon of Modesto, Cal., association executives in England. Earl Reading, Lord Chief Justice, seconding this toast, urged that there be a continuation of good Anglo-American relations as a means of world betterment.

COLORED INFANTRY BACK ON NANSEMOND

Four Transports Dock Here
With 10,769 Soldier
Passengers.

LAST BORDEAUX SHIP IN

Santa Olivia to Go Back to
Shipping Board; Marica and
Re d'Italia Home.

Four transports, including the big Nansemond, formerly the Hamburg-American liner Pennsylvania, landed 10,769 military passengers at Hoboken, Manhattan and Brooklyn yesterday. The Nansemond's list was made up of 5,252 persons, including the larger part of the 3023 Pioneer Infantry, colored. Ensign Frank Monroe Upton, who won the Congressional Medal, was a casual. When the freighter Florence H., loaded with explosives, blew up in Quiberon Bay, April 17, 1918, Ensign Upton's ship, the destroyer Stewart, rushed to the rescue. He plunged into the water bombarded by brands from the volcanic wreck, and rescued several wounded men. Forty were killed by the explosions.

Most of the soldiers in the Nansemond have been engaged in salvage work in France. On the way over the men were entertained daily by the Pioneer Infantry's big brass band, said to be one of the finest in the service. One of its members is Robert Johnson, who has won fame in vaudeville as a crack cymbal player. The band and another colored organization known as the "Verdun Minstrels" gave shows in many hospitals in France.

The Santa Olivia, with 1,861 officers and men, all casual detachments, in command of Major E. P. Lawlor of Columbia, Ohio, made her last trip as transport and will be returned immediately to the U. S. Shipping Board. She has the distinction of being the last transport to leave Bordeaux, which has been abandoned as an embarkation port.

The Italian liner Re d'Italia brought 46 officers and 1,734 men, all casuals from every state and territory of the Union, in command of Major Robert E. Carmody of the regulars; and the transport Marica had in her contingent mostly men of the 129th Engineers and the 101st and 120th Base Hospitals.

OLD MURDER TRIAL

RECALLED IN COURT

Finger Print Identifies Woman
an After Eighteen Years.

A woman, stylishly dressed but of somewhat disheveled appearance, arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Brown in the Adams Street Court, Brooklyn, was identified by Court Clerk Gerard Horn through finger prints as

Florence Burns, who was acquitted of the murder of Walter Brooks after a sensational trial some eighteen years ago.

She appeared in court as Florence Finley of 242 Dean street, Brooklyn, and together with William Washington, a negro musician of 14 Bancroft place, was charged with disorderly conduct by Patrolmen Helms and O'Connor of the Special Service Division. They were arrested at 3 o'clock in the morning in front of 371 Atlantic avenue.

The woman, according to the police, appeared to be under the influence of liquor at the time. Washington said he had left the subway station at Nevins street, having come from Manhattan, and was about to take an elevated train to his home when the woman accosted him and asked the direction to a drug store. Her face was cut and she spoke of home troubles.

Magistrate Brown, however, fined

Washington \$5. In the case of the woman he reserved decision until July 12 for further investigation. She admitted she was Florence Burns after Mr. Horn, who had known her years ago when she was a young girl, took her finger prints and identified her.

Brooks was shot and killed in a hotel at West and Cortlandt streets. After being acquitted of the crime Florence Burns served a seven year term for working the "badger game."

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87524—Whispering Hope (Hawthorne), Gluck and Homer	\$3	\$1.50
87248—O Sole Mio (Di Capua), Caruso	\$2	\$1
87502—Tales of Hoffman—"Barcarolle," Farrar and Scotti	\$3	\$1.50
87174—Don Giovanni—"Serenade" (Mozart), Titta Ruffo	\$2	\$1
87265—Robin Hood—"Oh Promise Me," Homer	\$2	\$1
87282—Just Before the Battle, Mother; Schumann-Heink	\$2	\$1
88073—Lo, Here the Gentle Lark; Melba	\$2	\$1
88298—Dirorah—"Shadow Song," Tetrazzini	\$3	\$1.50
88398—Pagliacci—"Ballatella," Bori	\$3	\$1.50
90211—Lombardi—"Qual Volutta," Aida, Caruso, Journet	\$5	\$2.50
90601—Rigoletto—Quartet; Caruso, Sembrich, Scotti, Severina	\$6	\$3
87017—"Rigoletto—"La Donna e Mobile," Caruso	\$2	\$1
87510—Elegie (Massenet); Gluck and Zimbalist	\$2	\$1
87545—Serenade (Schubert); McCormack and Kreisler	\$2	\$1
88118—Madam Butterfly—"Un Bel di Vedremo," Farrar	\$3	\$1.50
88311—Swiss Echo Song (in Italian); Tetrazzini	\$3	\$1.50
88074—Lucia—"Mad Scene," Melba	\$3	\$1.50
88325—Pagliacci—"Prologo," Amato	\$3	\$1.50
89001—Pagliacci—"Solete in Quest Ora," Caruso, Scotti	\$4	\$2
95200—Boheme—"O Soave Fanciulla," Melba, Caruso	\$5	\$2.50
90900—Rigoletto—Quartet; Caruso, Abbott, Homer, Scotti	\$6	\$3
88462—Parla Velocita (Italian), Hempel	\$3	\$1.50
89125—Chanson d'Amour (French) Aida, Eiman	\$4	\$2
88061—Pagliacci—"Vesti la Giubba," Caruso	\$3	\$1.50



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